

## **Assessments CO<sub>2</sub> assimilation on a per-leaf-area basis are related to total leaf area**

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### **Abstract**

Net photosynthetic rates often are dependent on leaf size when expressed on a leaf-area basis (CO<sub>2</sub> assimilation as  $\mu\text{mol}\cdot\text{m}^{-2}\cdot\text{s}^{-1}$ ). Therefore, distinguishing between leaf-size-related and other causes of differences in net photosynthetic rate cannot be determined when data are presented on a leaf-area basis. From a theoretical perspective, CO<sub>2</sub> assimilation expressed on a leaf-area basis ( $\mu\text{mol}\cdot\text{m}^{-2}\cdot\text{s}^{-1}$ ) will be independent of leaf area only when total net CO<sub>2</sub> assimilation (leaf CO<sub>2</sub> assimilation as  $\mu\text{mol}\cdot\text{s}^{-1}$ ) is linearly related to leaf area and the function describing this relationship has a nonzero y intercept. This situation was not encountered in the data sets we evaluated; therefore, ratio-based estimates of CO<sub>2</sub> assimilation were often misleading. When CO<sub>2</sub> assimilation data are expressed on a per-leaf-area basis (the standard procedure in the photosynthesis literature), it is difficult to determine how photosynthetic efficiency changes as leaves or plants mature and difficult to compare the efficiency of treatments or cultivars when leaf size or total plant leaf area varies.

### **Keywords**

developmental stage, intercept corrections, leaf age, leaf area, ratio-based efficiency, regression models, slope-based efficiency.